AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A central processing apparatus for assigning instructions of a program to a plurality of buffers each connected to one of a plurality of execution units, the plurality of execution units each executing the instructions by accessing a memory and a global register,

wherein the program comprises a plurality of instruction sequences, each instruction sequence comprises a plurality of instructions including a not executable in parallel because of data dependency, a control dependency between the instruction sequences is represented by a commit instruction, and an instruction of data production or data consumption includes a flag representing possession of a register number in the global register wherein an instruction sequence speculatively executable is located before an instruction sequence not speculatively executable, the plurality of instruction sequences are aligned in correspondence with each of the plurality of buffers, a task number representing the instruction sequence and a corresponding buffer is assigned to each instruction, a condition instruction is replaced by a commit instruction, the commit instruction includes a condition task number to be accepted if the condition is not satisfied and task numbers to be rejected if the condition is satisifed,

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the central processing apparatus, comprising:

a task window number generator configured to assign a task window number to [[the]] a plurality of instruction sequences in a task window, the commit instruction being at the end of the task window;

an assignment unit configured to assign the instructions each instruction of aligned instruction sequences to each of the plurality of buffers, each instruction sequence corresponding to one buffer by referring to the task number;

a register update unit configured to update data in [[the]] <u>a</u> register number accessed by a particular instruction sequence in a task window if the particular instruction sequence is accepted by the commit instruction in the task window; and a memory update unit configured to update data in [[the]] <u>a</u> memory address accessed by a particular instruction sequence in a task window if the particular instruction sequence is accepted by the commit instruction in the task window.

2. (Currently Amended) The central processing apparatus according to claim 1,

wherein the program comprises a plurality of task windows, each task windowcomprises a plurality of the instruction sequences, and each instruction sequenceincluding non-speculative instructions is located before each instruction sequenceincluding speculative instructions in the same task window instruction of data production
or data consumption includes a flag representing possession of the register number in
the global register.

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3. (Currently Amended) The central processing apparatus according to claim 2,

wherein [[each]] the plurality of instruction sequences in the program is aligned incorrespondence with each of the plurality of execution units to execute the each instruction in parallel, and a task number representing the instruction sequence and the execution unit is assigned to each instruction so that the number of aligned instructions is equal to the number of the plurality of execution units.

4. (Currently Amended) The central processing apparatus according to claim 3,

wherein the commit instruction in the task window represents a conditioninstruction, and includes a condition, the task numbers to be accepted if the condition isnot satisfied, and the task numbers to be rejected if the condition is satisfied instruction
sequence speculatively executable is the instruction sequence to be executed if the
condition is not satisfied and the instruction sequence to be executed if the condition is
satisfied, and

wherein the instruction sequence not speculatively executable is the instruction sequence including the commit instruction.

5. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the commit instruction represents a branch condition instruction, and additionally includes a branch address of the instruction if the condition is satisfied.

- 6. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the commit instruction in the task window represents a loop condition instruction, and includes a loop condition, the task numbers representing a loop, and the task numbers to be accepted in case of the first loop only.
- 7. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the global register comprises a plurality of register numbers, and the flag of the instruction of data production or data consumption represents the register number of non-use for other instructions until the instruction is completely executed.
- 8. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 7, further comprising an instruction decoder configured to decode a plurality of the instructions in order, and supply each instruction to said assignment unit along with operand data, the task number, and the task window number to which the instruction belongs.
- 9. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein,

when said instruction decoder decodes the instruction including the flag, said instruction decoder sets the register number in the global register represented by the flag as non-use for the other instructions.

10. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 3,

wherein each of the plurality of buffers comprises a plurality of queues, and each of the plurality of queues exclusively stores the instructions of predetermined task number by first in first out.

11. (Currently Amended) The central processing apparatus according to claim 10,

wherein said assignment unit assigns [[the]] <u>each</u> instruction <u>of the aligned</u>
<u>instruction sequences</u> to the queue in the execution buffer corresponding to the task
number of [[the]] <u>each</u> instruction <u>in the program</u> <u>and</u>

further comprising an operand condition decision unit which repeatedly selects
one instruction from each instruction at a head position of each queue in the execution
buffer by priority order, and indicates the execution buffer to transfer the one instruction
to the execution unit connected to the execution buffer.

- 12. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said task window number generator increments the task window number by one when the commit instruction is detected as the last instruction in the instruction sequence, and assigns an incremented task window number to the instruction sequences consisting of the instruction sequences from an instruction just behind the commit instruction to the next commit instruction in the program.
 - 13. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 9,

further comprising a plurality of local registers respectively connected to each of the plurality of execution units,

wherein each execution unit executes the instruction by accessing a respective local register in order to temporarily preserve the execution result of the instruction.

14. (Currently Amended) [[the]] <u>The</u> central processing apparatus according to claim 13, wherein,

if a particular instruction sequence is accepted by execution of the commit instruction in the task window,

said register update unit updates data in the register number of the global register represented by the flag in the particular instruction sequence using the execution result preserved in the local register.

15. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 13, wherein,

if a particular instruction sequence is rejected by execution of the commit instruction in the task window,

said register update unit does not update data in the register number of the global register represented by the flag in the particular instruction sequence.

16. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said memory update unit temporarily preserves the execution result of a store instruction in a particular instruction sequence executed by the execution unit.

17. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 16, wherein,

if the particular instruction sequence is accepted by execution of the commit instruction in the task window,

said memory update unit updates data in the address of the memory represented by the store instruction using the preserved execution result.

18. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 16, wherein,

if the particular instruction sequence is rejected by execution of the commit instruction in the task window,

said memory update unit does not update data in the address of the memory represented by the store instruction.

- 19. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 16, further comprising a load buffer to temporarily preserve a load instruction in order to read data from the memory or said memory update unit.
- 20. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 19, wherein,

when the execution unit executes the load instruction in a particular instruction sequence accepted by the commit instruction,

the execution unit decides whether the load instruction depends on the execution result of the store instruction in said memory update unit.

21. (Original) The central processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein,

if the load instruction depends on the execution result of the store instruction in said memory update unit,

the load buffer loads the execution result of the store instruction from said memory update unit.

22. (Currently Amended) The central processing apparatus according to claim 21, wherein,

if the load instruction does not depend on the execution result of the store instruction in said memory update unit,

the load buffer loads data stored in the address of the memory represented by the load instruction.

23. (Currently Amended) A compile method for generating a program executed by a central processing apparatus for assigning instructions of the program to a plurality of buffers each connected to one of a plurality of execution units, the plurality of execution units executing the instruction by accessing a memory and a global register, comprising the steps of:

dividing the program into a plurality of instruction sequences, each including a instruction sequence comprising a plurality of instructions not executable in parallel because of data dependency;

generating a commit instruction instead of a condition instruction representing a control dependency between the instruction sequences in the program moving an instruction sequence speculatively executable forward of an instruction sequence not speculatively executable in the program;

assigning a flag to an instruction of data production or data consumption, the flagrepresenting possession of a register in the global register accessed by the instruction
aligning the plurality of instruction sequences in correspondence with each of the
plurality of buffers; and

assigning a task number representing the instruction sequence and a corresponding buffer to each instruction; and in the instruction sequences belonging to a task window, the commit instruction being at the end of the task window

replacing a condition instruction by a commit instruction, the commit instruction including a condition, task numbers to be accepted if the condition is not satisfied and task numbers to be rejected if the condition is satisfied.

24. (Currently Amended) A computer readable memory containing computer readable instructions in a computer for assigning instructions of a program to a plurality of buffers each connected to one of a plurality of execution units, the plurality of execution units executing the instructions by accessing a memory and a global register, comprising:

an instruction means for causing the computer unit to divide the program into a plurality of instruction sequences, each including a instruction sequence comprising a plurality of instructions not executable in parallel because of data dependency;

an instruction means for causing the computer to generate a commit instruction instead of a condition instruction representing a control dependency between the instruction sequences unit to move an instruction sequence speculatively executable forward of an instruction sequence not speculatively executable in the program;

an instruction means for causing the computer to assign a flag to an instruction of data production or data consumption, the flag representing possession of a register in the global register accessed by the instruction unit to align the plurality of instruction sequences in correspondence with each of the plurality of buffers; and

an instruction means for causing the computer <u>unit</u> to assign a task number to each instruction in the instruction sequences belonging to a task window, the commitinstruction being at the end of the task window <u>representing the instruction sequence</u> and a corresponding buffer to each instruction; and

an instruction unit to replace a condition instruction by a commit instruction, the commit instruction including a condition, task numbers to be accepted if the condition is not satisfied and task numbers to be rejected if the condition is satisfied.

